

Prenatal Ethanol Exposure Induces Deficits in Cognitive Function in Adulthood; Improvement with Choline and Behavior Training

Sandra Mooney

Department of Pediatrics, Division of Neonatology

No conflicts of interest to disclose



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Learning objectives:

- Understand one animal model of fetal alcohol syndrome
- Learn tests of executive function that can be used with rodents
- Recognize the potential for a combination of interventions to be more effective than either intervention alone

Cognitive Function

“Cognitive functions encompass reasoning, memory, attention, and language and lead directly to the attainment of information and, thus, knowledge.”

<http://www.cereboost.com/cognitive-function/>

Executive function

“Cognitive processes... that are necessary for the cognitive control of behavior”

Wikipedia

Organization and Planning Skills - Tower of Hanoi

Attention - Test of Variables of Attention (TOVA)

Inhibitory Control - Stroop Color and Word Test

Word and Idea Generation - Controlled Oral Word Association Test

Concept Formation - Matrix Analogies Test

Working Memory - Digit Span and Spatial Span subtests of the Wechsler Intelligence Test for Children (WISC)

Set Shifting - Wisconsin Card Sorting Test

Cognitive Flexibility - Wisconsin Card Sorting Test, Stroop

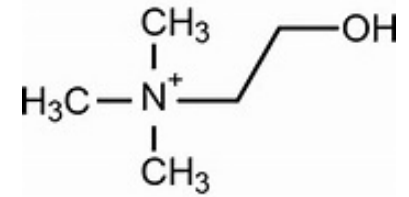
Executive function in rats

Working Memory – Delayed non-matching to place (T-maze)

Set Shifting – Attentional Set Shifting task

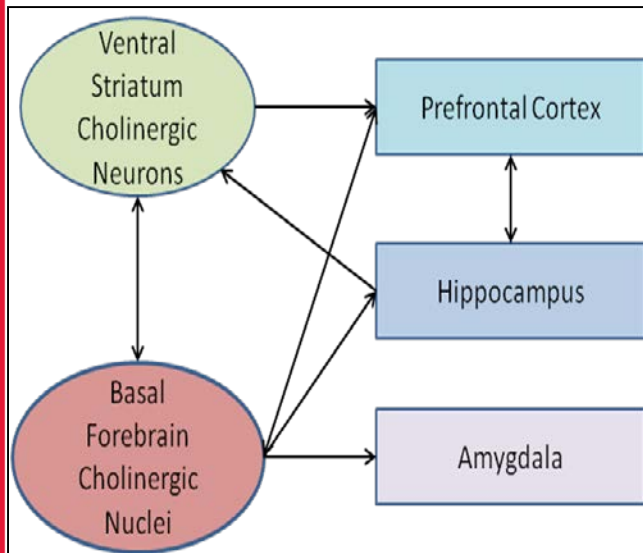
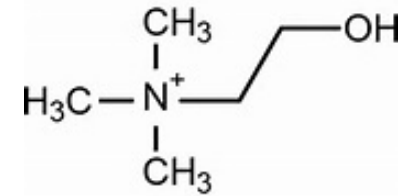
Cognitive Flexibility – Reversal learning

Choline



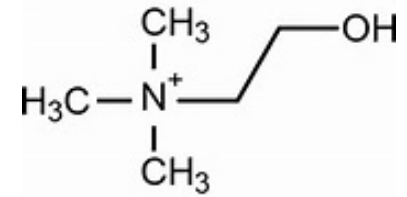
- Precursor for neurotransmitter acetylcholine
- Methyl donor – epigenetic regulation of gene expression
- Incorporated into membranes – phosphatidylcholine and sphingomyelin

Choline



- Rapid accumulation in late prenatal and early postnatal period
- Critical neurotransmitter in circuits underlying cognition
- Also needed during remodeling of prefrontal cortex

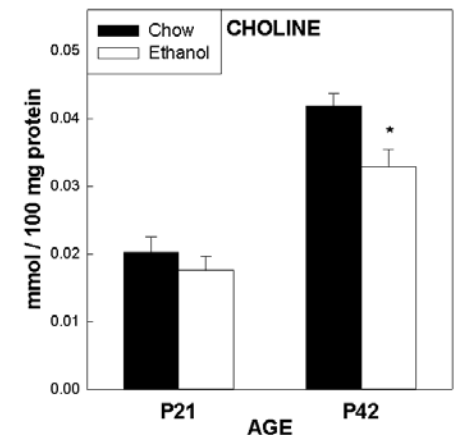
Choline



Choline may be depleted in alcohol-exposed brains

Choline can improve behavior outcomes in rat models of FASD (Thomas)

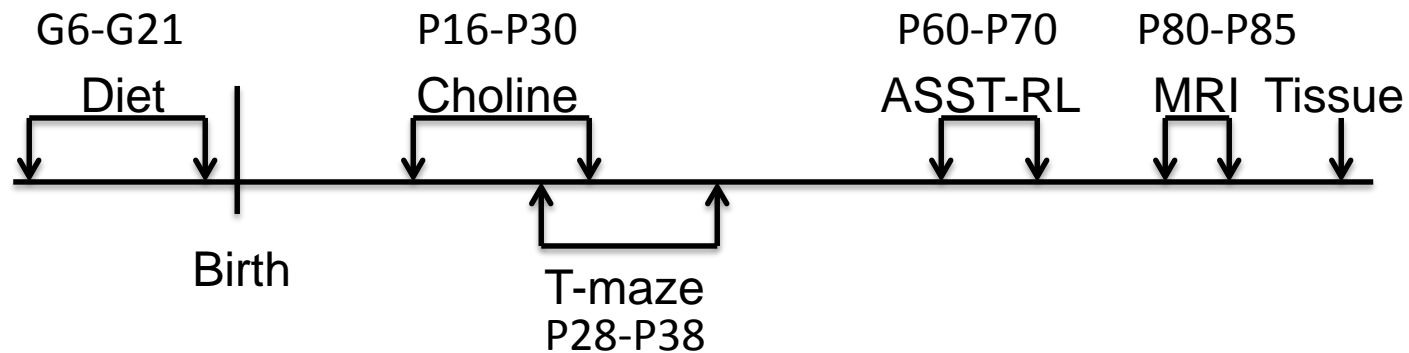
Data from human studies are less compelling



Does prenatal exposure to a relatively low dose of alcohol alter cognitive function?

Does choline improve cognitive function in adolescence?

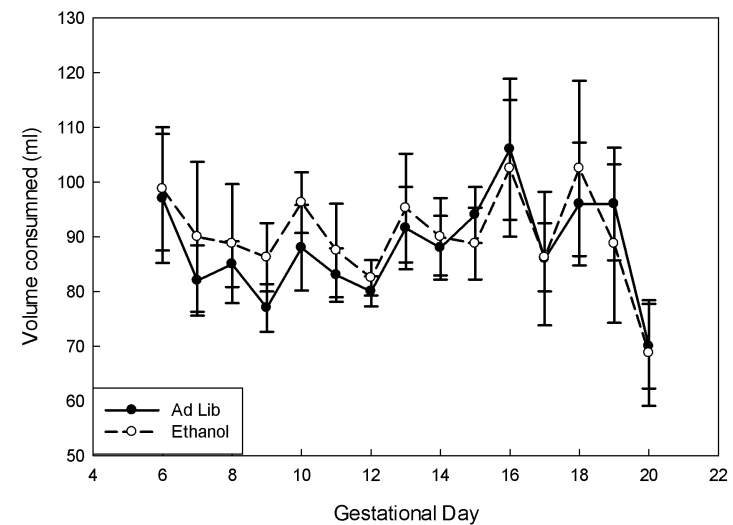
Does choline, behavior training, and/or the combination improve cognitive function in adulthood?



Long Evans rats

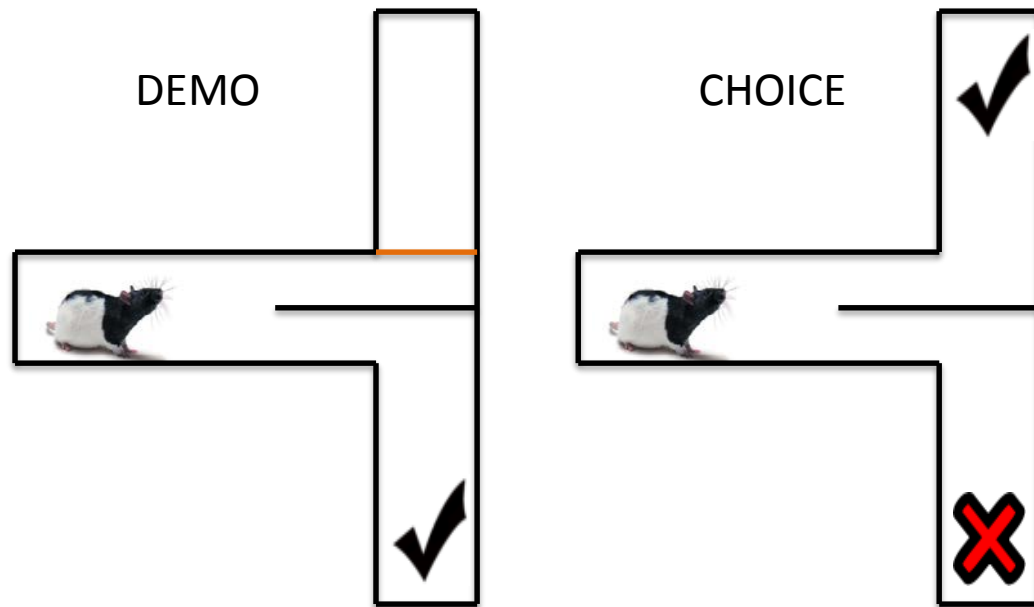
Diet – 3% ethanol or non-ethanol liquid diet (others show BECs ~30 mg/dl)

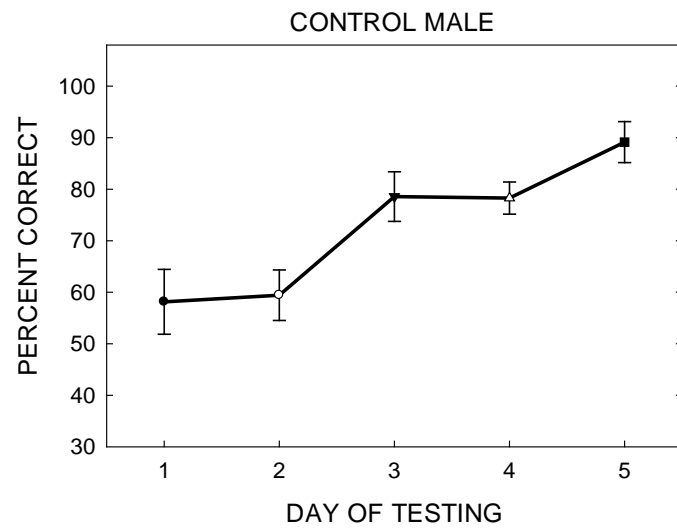
Choline - 100 mg/kg subcutaneously (or saline)

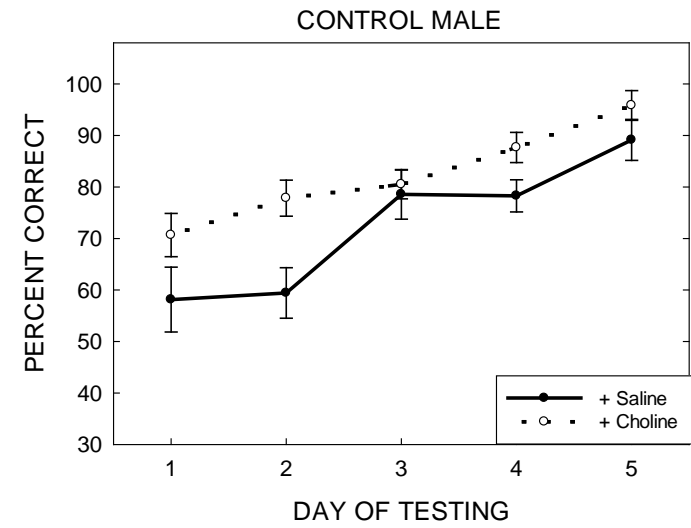
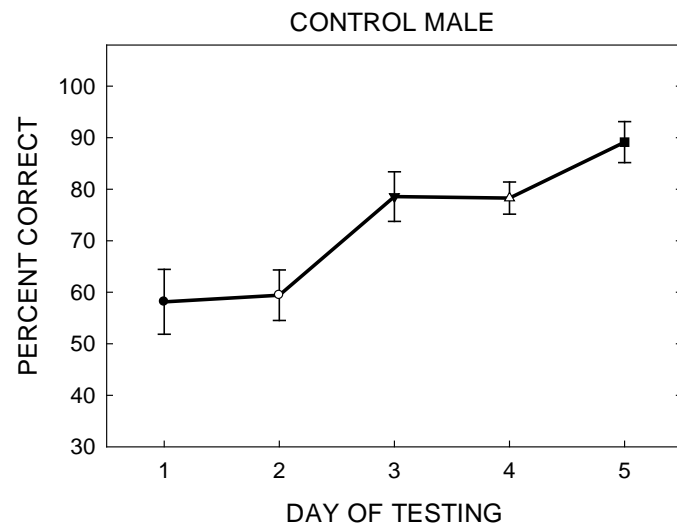


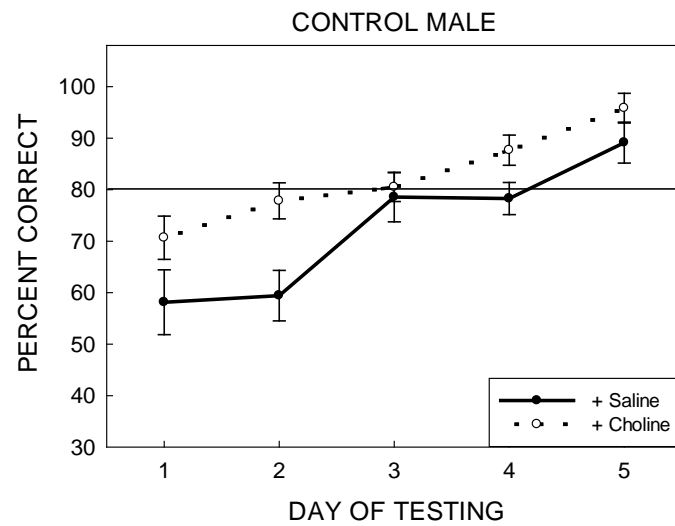
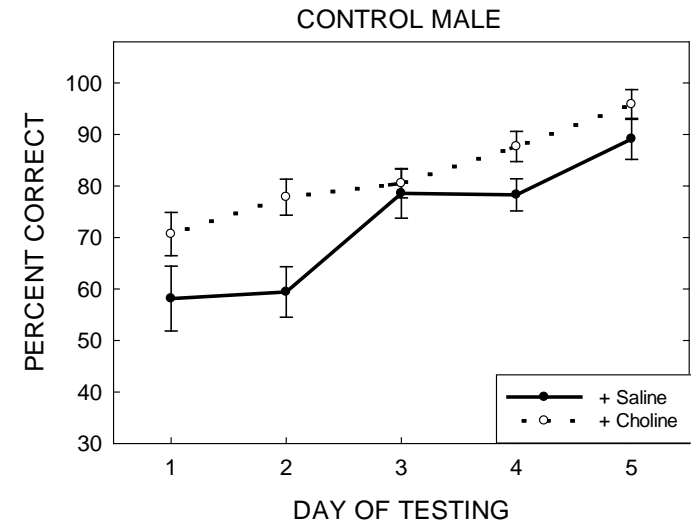
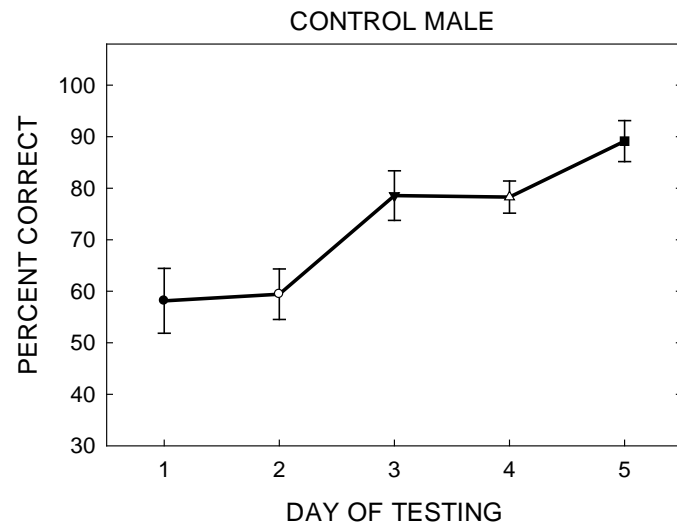
Working Memory

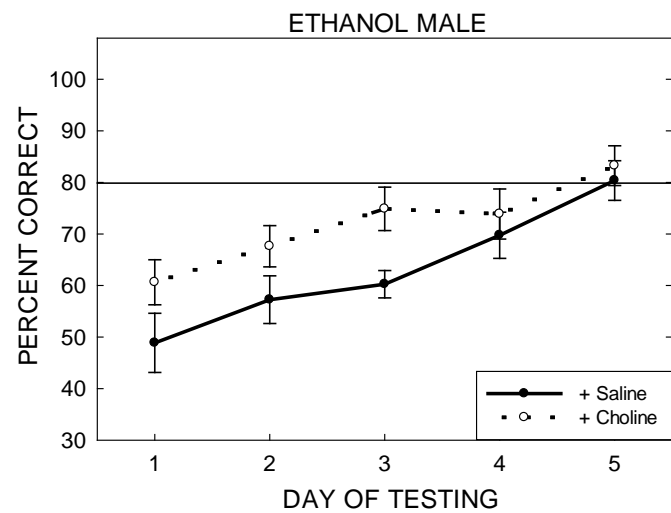
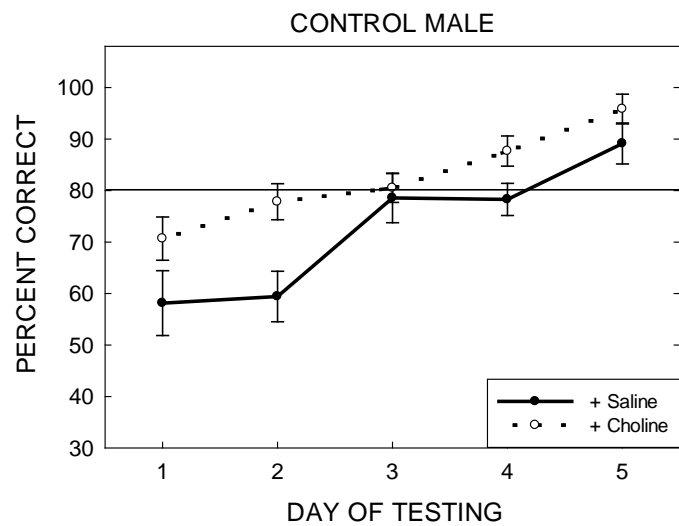
Delayed Non-matching to Place

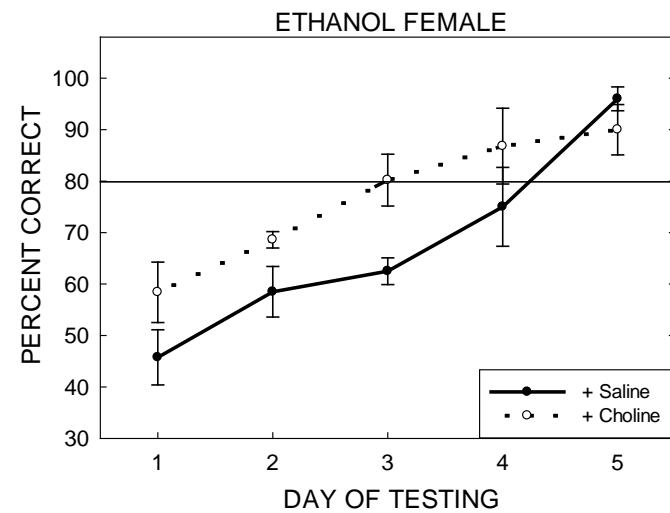
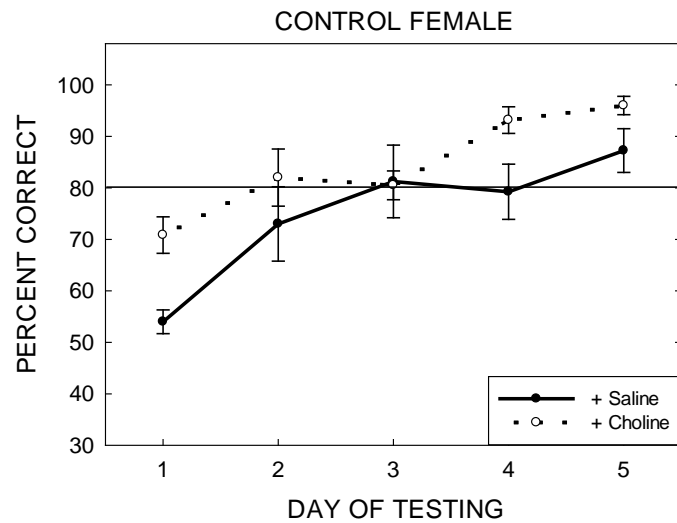








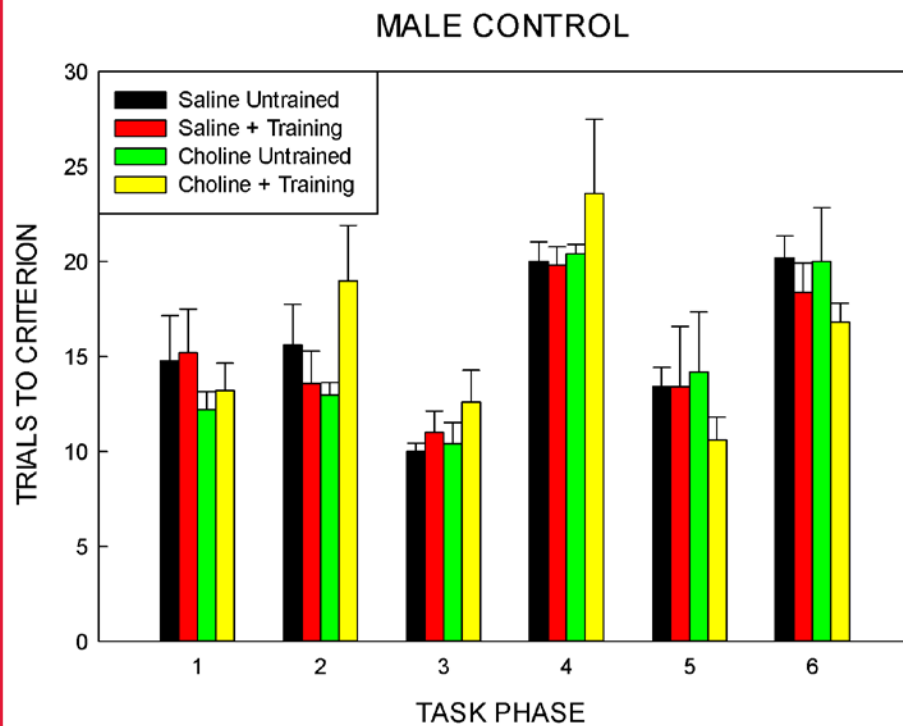




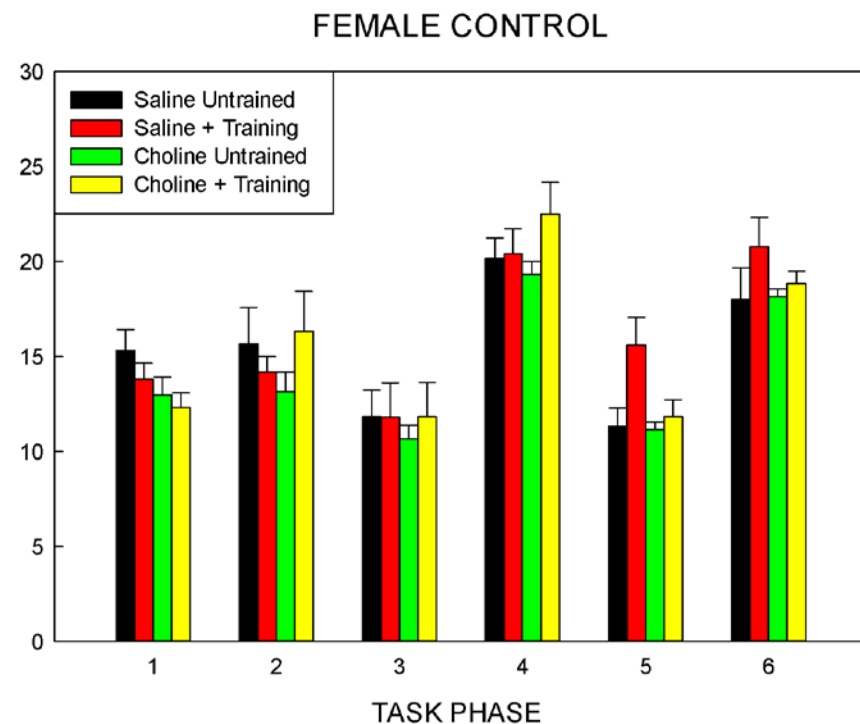
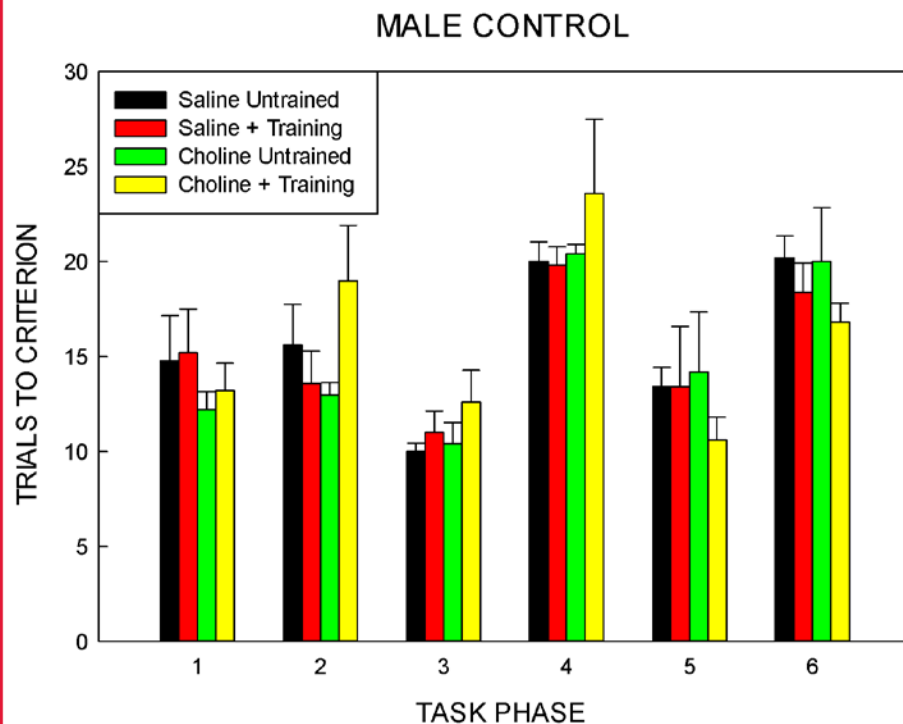
Cognitive Flexibility

Attentional Set Shifting & Reversal Learning

<div>garlic *</div> <div>stones</div>	<div>cloves</div> <div>stones</div>	1 Simple
<div>garlic *</div> <div>stones or feathers</div>	<div>cloves</div> <div>stones or feathers</div>	2 Compound
<div>cinnamon *</div> <div>confetti or string</div>	<div>rosemary</div> <div>confetti or string</div>	3 Intra-dimension shift
<div>cinnamon</div> <div>confetti or string</div>	<div>rosemary *</div> <div>confetti or string</div>	4 Reversal
<div>coffee</div> <div>felt or kitty litter</div>	<div>vanilla *</div> <div>felt or kitty litter</div>	5 Intra-dimension shift
<div>cumin or ginger</div> <div>beads *</div>	<div>cumin or ginger</div> <div>sponge</div>	6 Extra-dimension shift

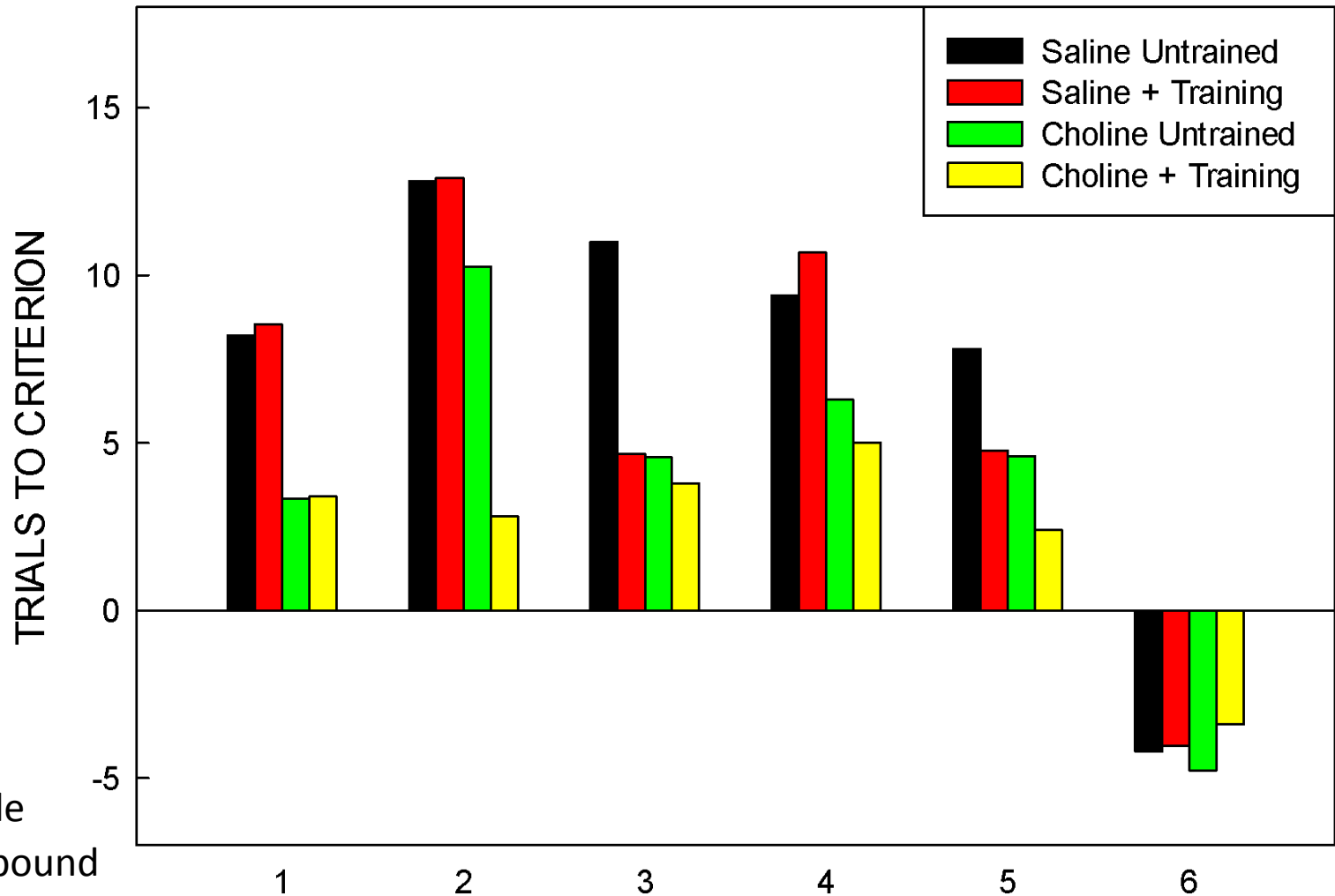


1. Simple
2. Compound
3. Intra-dimension shift
4. Reversal
5. Intra-dimension shift
6. Extra-dimension shift



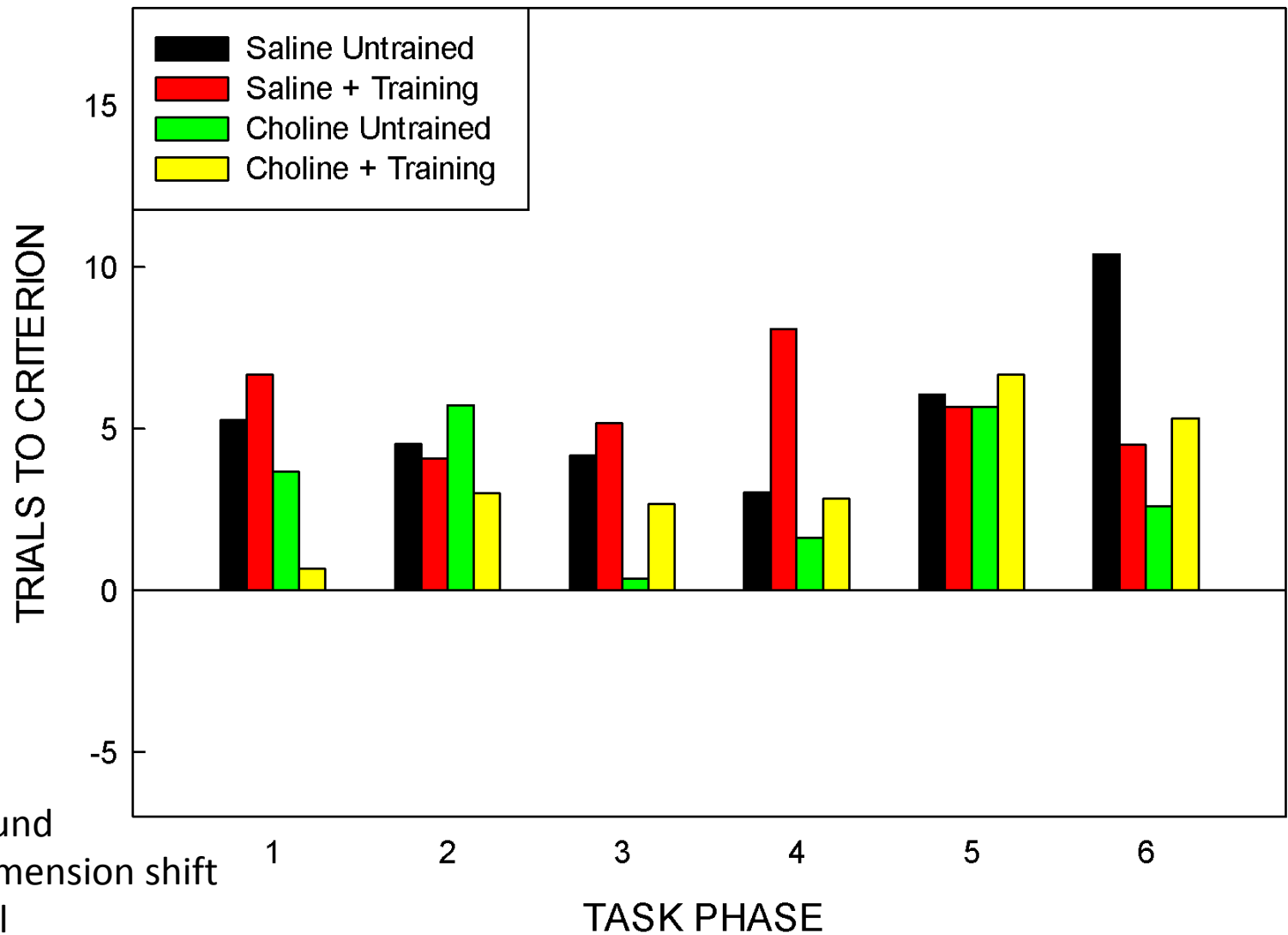
1. Simple
2. Compound
3. Intra-dimension shift
4. Reversal
5. Intra-dimension shift
6. Extra-dimension shift

MALE ETHANOL COMPARED WITH CONTROL



1. Simple
2. Compound
3. Intra-dimension shift
4. Reversal
5. Intra-dimension shift
6. Extra-dimension shift

FEMALE ETHANOL COMPARED WITH CONTROL



1. Simple
2. Compound
3. Intra-dimension shift
4. Reversal
5. Intra-dimension shift
6. Extra-dimension shift

Does prenatal exposure to a relatively low dose of alcohol alter cognitive function?

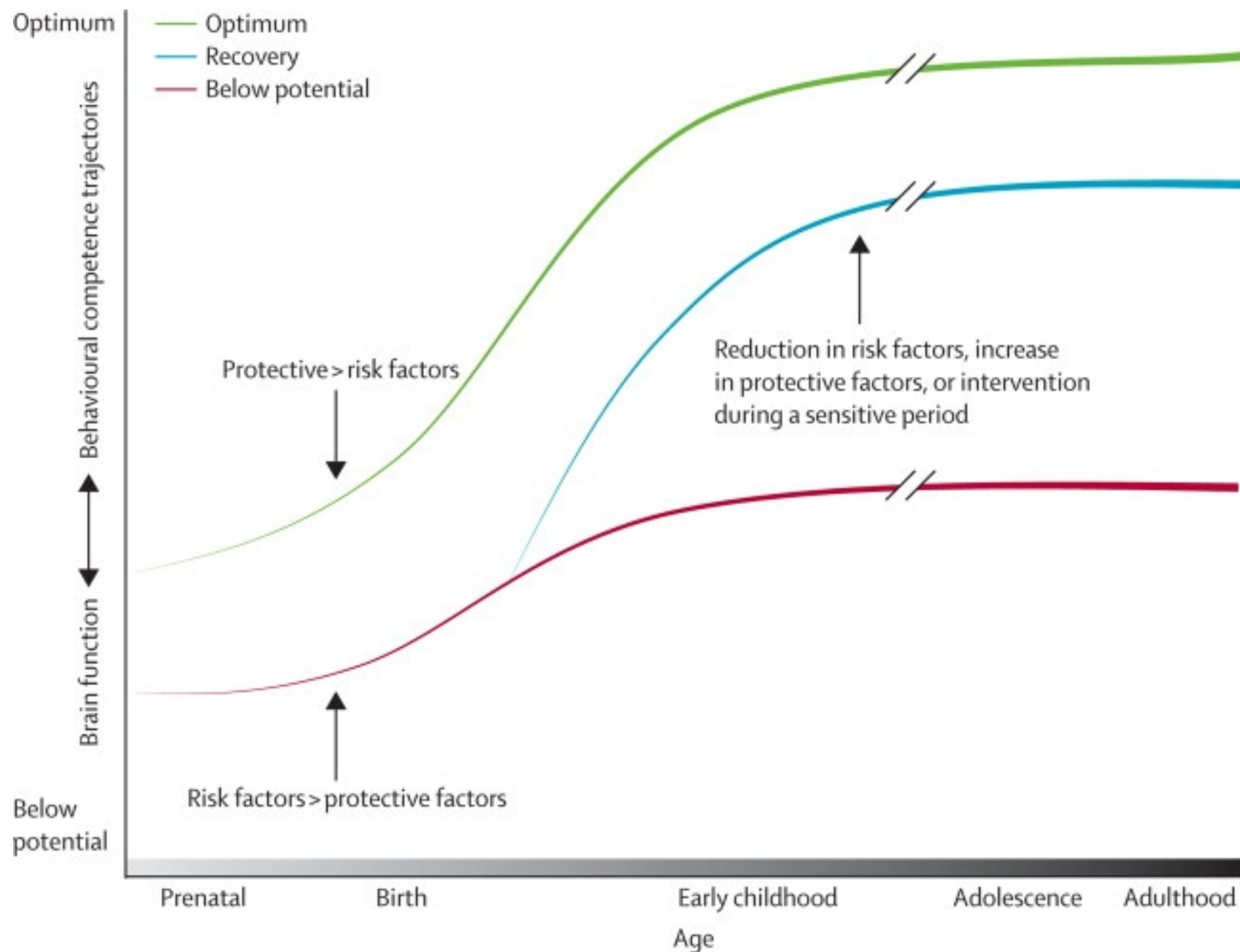
Yes. In adolescents and young adults.

Does choline improve cognitive function in adolescence?

Yes.

Does choline, behavior training, and/or the combination improve cognitive function in adulthood?

Yes – the combination is best (although not perfect).

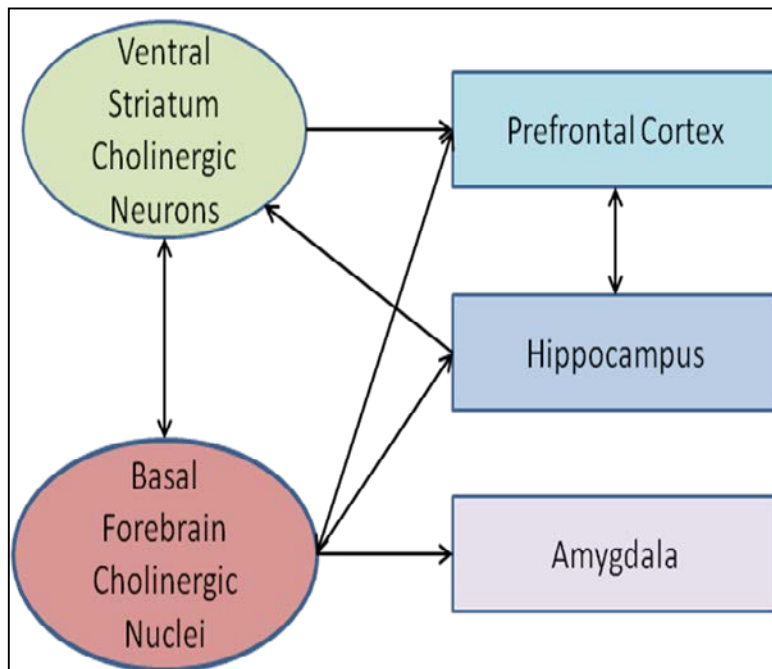




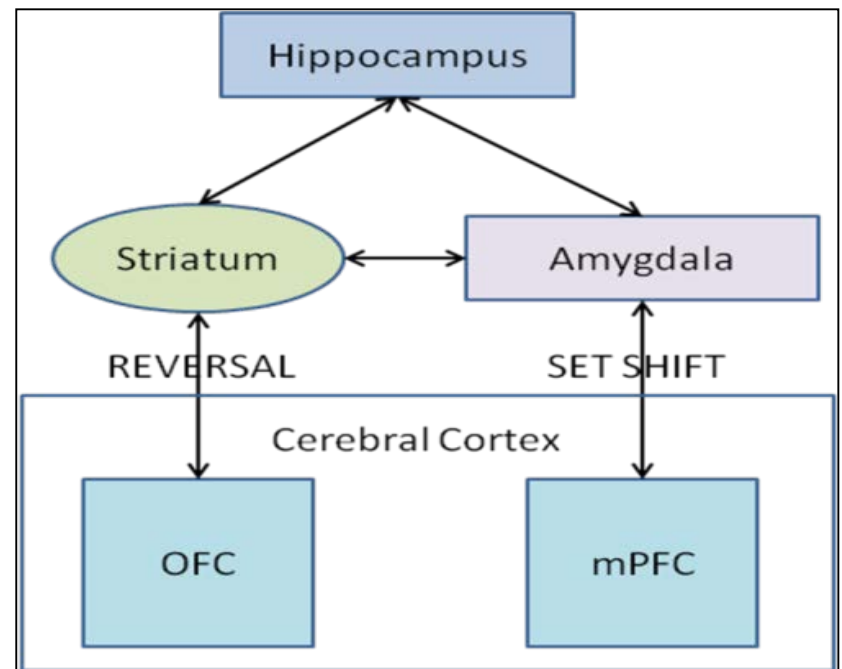
THANK YOU

Brain Regions of Interest

Cholinergic pathways in cognition



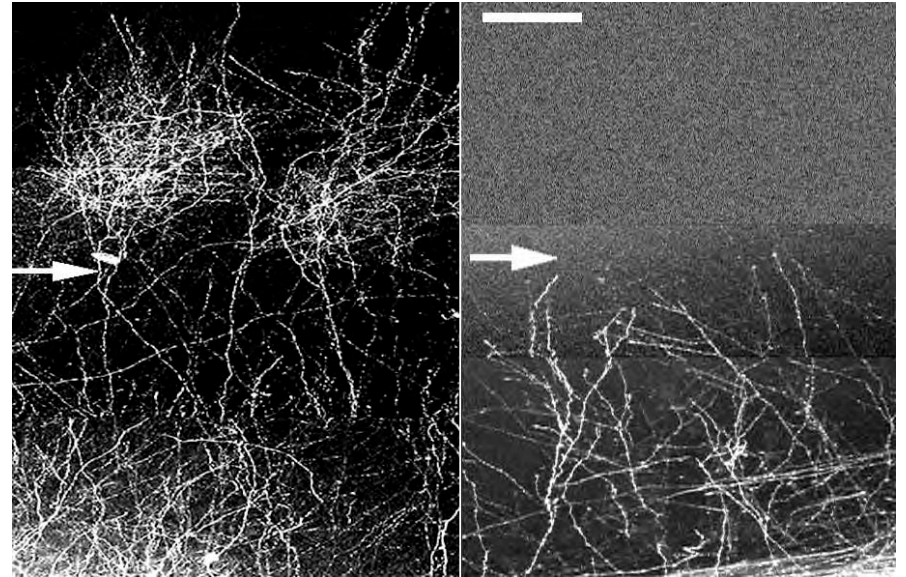
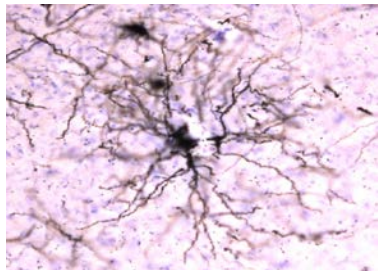
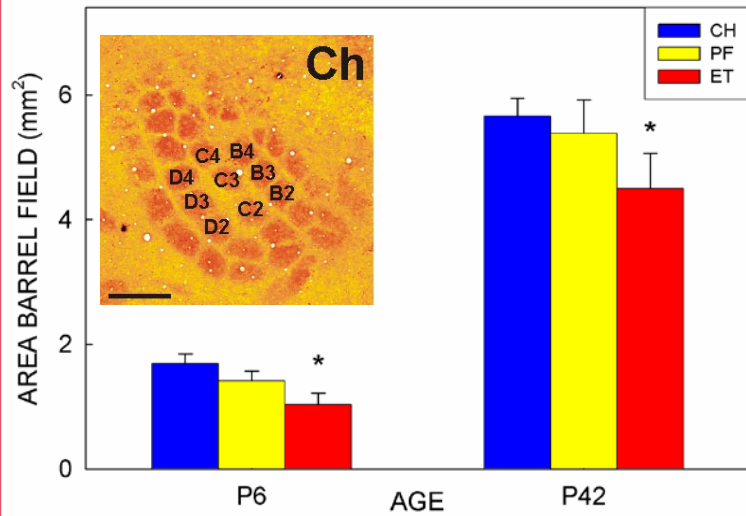
Simplified schematic of pathways involved in attentional set shifting and reversal learning.

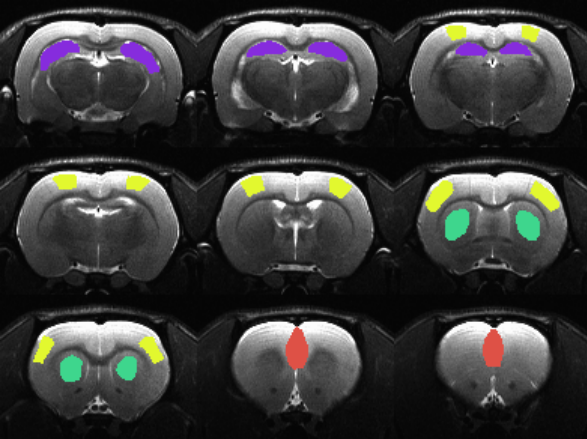


OFC, orbitofrontal cortex. mPFC, medial prefrontal cortex.

Based on Bissonette and Powell, 2012.

Anatomy



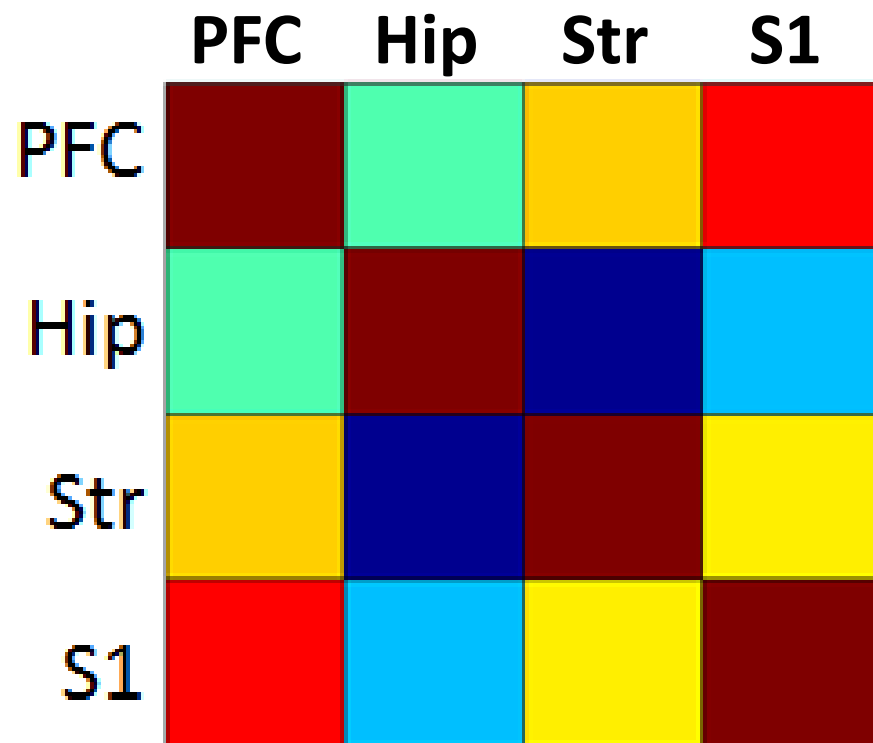
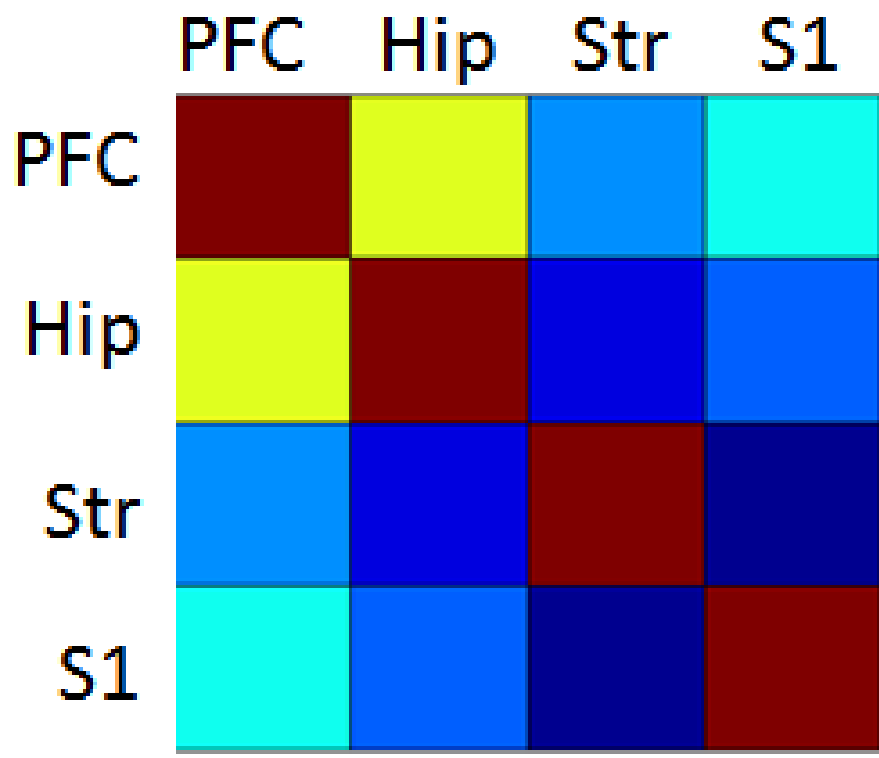


rsfMRI

[with Department of Diagnostic Radiology and Nuclear Medicine]

CONTROL

ETHANOL



1. Simple
2. Compound
3. Intra-dimension s
4. Reversal
5. Intra-dimension shift
6. Extra-dimension shift

