

7th Conference on Recent Advances in the Prevention and Treatment of Childhood and Adolescent Obesity

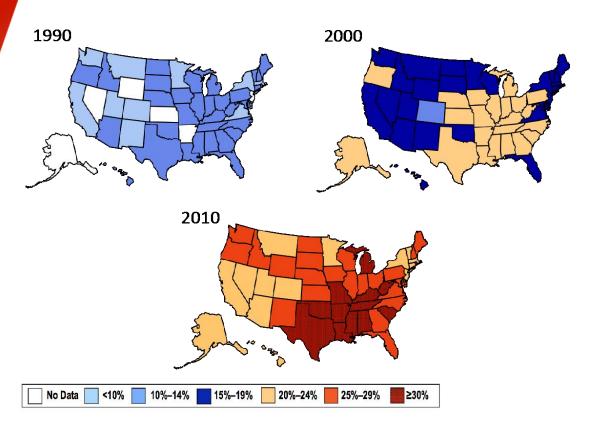
Prebiotic supplementation during pregnancy/lactation alters fecal/cecal microbiota and reduces antibiotic-associated obesity risk in rats

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Obesity trends in USA and worldwide



 Worldwide obesity has more than doubled since 1980

 500 million obese adults

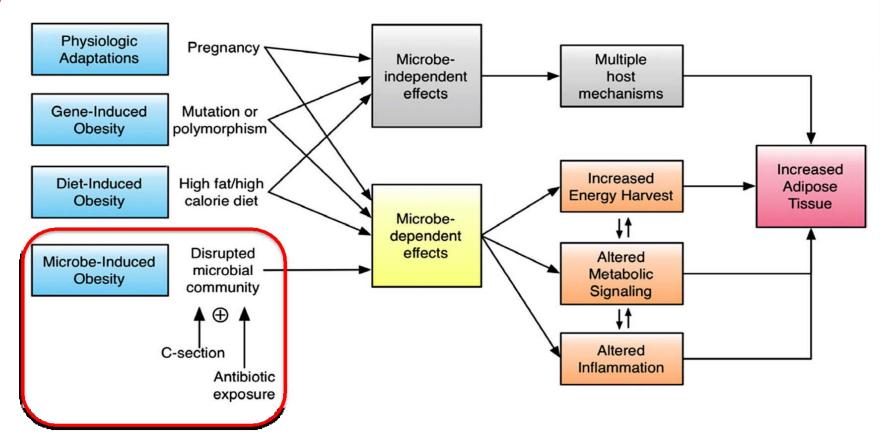
 42 million obese children (under the age of 5)

Source: CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, CDC.

Source: World Health Organiza5on, WHO.



Pathways in microbe-induced obesity



Cox and Blaser. Cell Metab. 2013; 17(6); 883-894.



Antibiotics – top prescriptions in children

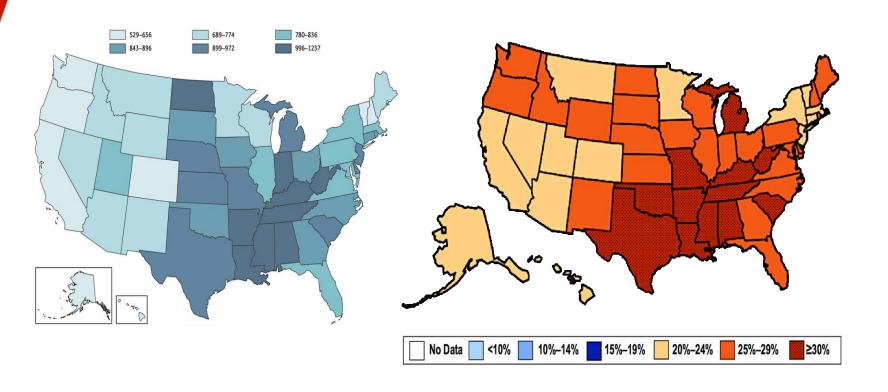
Drug Molecule	Pediatric
(Age: 0 – 17 years)	Patients (<i>M</i>)
Amoxicillin	18 292 768
<u>Azithromycin</u>	10 171 046
Albuterol	7 343 063
Amoxicillin/clavulanate	4 454 926
Cefdinir	4 308 857
<u>Cephalexin</u>	4 009 275

On average:

- 3 prescriptions by the age of 2 years
- 10 prescriptions by the age of 10 years
- 17 prescriptions by the age of 20 years



Antibiotic prescription vs. obesity rates in the USA, 2010



Hicks, Taylor and Hunkler. NEJM 2013, 368: 1461.

Source: CDC Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, CDC.



Could we prevent obesity associated with early life antibiotic exposure?



Health benefits of prebiotics

Beneficial Effects (humans and rodents):

- Improvements in metabolic health
- Lower body weight and fat mass
- Reduced inflammation
- Increased satiety hormones





Study Design





3rd week of pregnancy

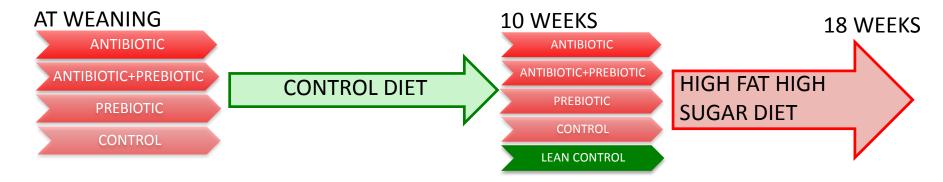


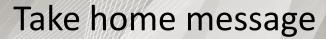
CONTROL



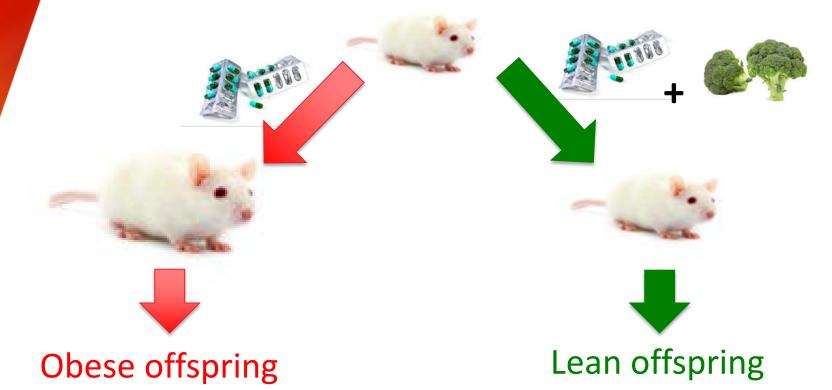
End of lactation

OFFSPRING









Co-administering prebiotic diet with antibiotics prevents weight gain associated with antibiotic exposure in rats



Acknowledgements







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